

## United States Patent and Trademark Office



APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/044,844	01/10/2002	Edward Jess Victoria	252312006103	9102	
7590 11/14/2003			EXAMINER		
Madeline I. Johnston			CEPERLEY, MARY		
Morrison & Foerster LLP 755 Page Mill Road			ART UNIT PAPER NUMBE		
Palo Alto, CA 94304-1018			1641	. 1	
			DATE MAILED: 11/14/2003	1/	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<b>*</b>					_		
2 2		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/044,84	14	VICTORIA ET AL.			
		Examiner		Art Unit	_		
			ly) E. Ceperley	1641			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication a or Reply	appears on the	cover sheet with the c	correspondence address			
A SH THE I - External after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rough period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by startely received by the Office later than three months after the material patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no evereply within the state od will apply and witte, cause the app	ent, however, may a reply be tin utory minimum of thirty (30) day Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS from lication to become ABANDONE	nely filed  rs will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·					
2a) <u></u> □	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) Th	nis action is no	on-final.				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-74 is/are pending in the application	on.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)□	Claim(s) is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)⊠	Claim(s) 1-74 are subject to restriction and/o	or election red	quirement.	•			
Applicat	ion Papers	•					
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.					
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a	ccepted or b)	objected to by the	Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
•	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr						
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. No	ote the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
* ( 13)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the p application from the International Burd See the attached detailed Office action for a l Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome ince a specific reference was included in the 7 CFR 1.78.  a) The translation of the foreign language Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome eference was included in the first sentence of	ents have bee ents have bee riority docume eau (PCT Rul list of the certi estic priority un first sentence provisional ap	in received. In received in Application received in Application to the interest of the specification that specification the specification of the specification that specification the	ion No  ed in this National Stage  ed.  e) (to a provisional application)  r in an Application Data Sheet.  ceived.  and/or 121 since a specific			
Attachmen			0 □ 1=1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(OTO 442) December 1			
2) Notic	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s			r (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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- 1) Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
- I. Claims 1-10, drawn to peptides, classified in class 530, subclasses 326-328.
- II. Claims 11-36, 45-50, and 74, drawn to compositions and methods of treatment, classified in class 514, subclasses 14-16.
- III. Claims 37-44, drawn to platform molecules, classified in class 558, subclass 159, etc.
- IV. Claims 51-65, drawn to a method of identifying peptides, classified in class 435, subclass6.
- V. Claims 66-68, drawn to an assay method, classified in class 436, subclass 518.
- VI. Claims 69-71, drawn to diagnostic immunoassays, classified in class 436, subclass 506.
- VII. Claims 72 and 73, drawn to hydrophilic linkers, classified in class 562, subclass 581, etc.
- 2) The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:
- a) Inventions I and II are related as mutually exclusive species in an intermediate-final product relationship. Distinctness is proven for claims in this relationship if the intermediate product is useful to make other than the final product (MPEP § 806.04(b), 3rd paragraph), and the species are patentably distinct (MPEP § 806.04(h)). In the instant case, the intermediate product is deemed to be useful to make an immunogen or a diagnostic agent and the inventions are deemed patentably distinct since there is nothing on this record to show them to be obvious variants. Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions anticipated by the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

The products of Group I can be identified by methods other than those of Group IV, for example, by use of chemically synthesized peptide libraries or by ration drug design methods.

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- use. The inventions V and I and Inventions VI and I are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown:

  (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the product can be used in materially different processes such as in making an immunogen or in affinity purification of antibodies.
- c) Inventions I, III, and VII are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are directed to patentably distinct products, each having entirely different chemical and physical properties.
- d) Inventions II and Inventions IV, V, VI, and VII are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the composition of Group II is not required for the practice of any of the methods of Groups IV, V, VI, and VII.
- e) Inventions II, IV, V, and VI are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are directed to patentably distinct processes, each requiring different method steps and reagents for practice and having different goals and outcomes.
- Invention VII and Inventions II, IV, V, and VI are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the methods of Inventions II, IV, V, and VI do not require the use of the product of Group VII.

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3) Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, because the search required for each group is not coextensive with the search required for any other group, and because an undue burden would result should two or more of the inventions be examined together, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

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4) Claims 1 and 11 are generic to a plurality of disclosed patentably distinct species comprising the peptide sequences recited in claim 4. In the event that either Invention I or Invention II is elected, applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species, even though this requirement is traversed.

Should applicants traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

- *5)* Applicants are advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143). Applicants are further advised that, depending upon which invention is elected and to which examiner the application is assigned for an action on the merits, further restriction may be required.
- 6) Applicants are reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

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claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of *In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer* and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. **Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder**.

Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

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8) Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mary (Molly) E. Ceperley whose telephone number is (703) 308-4239. The examiner can normally be reached from 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Long V. Le, can be reached on (703) 305-3399. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 308-4556 or (703) 305-3592.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

November 13, 2003

Mary E. Ceperley Mary (Molly) E. Ceperley

Primary Examiner Art Unit 1641